

The Daily Republican.

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DECATUR, ILLINOIS!

Friday Evening, Nov. 19.

THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the President of the United States.

In accordance with a practice, at once wise and beautiful, we have been accustomed, as the year is drawing to a close, to devote an occasion to an humble expression of thanks to Almighty God for clemency and distinguished benefits bestowed upon us as a nation, and for His mercy and protection during the closing year. Amid the rich and free enjoyment of all our advantages, we should not forget that our source from whence they were derived, and extend our obligation to the Father of All Mercies. We have full reason to renew our thanks to Almighty God for favors bestowed upon us during the past year. By His continuing mercy, civil and religious liberty have been maintained; peace has reigned within our borders; labor and enterprise have produced their merited rewards, and to His watchful providence we are indebted for security from pestilence and other national calamities. Apart from the other national blessings, each individual among us has occasion to thoughtfully recall and devoutly recognize the favors and protection which He has enjoyed.

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend that Thursday, the 25th day of November, the people of the United States, from their accustomed vocations, do assemble in their respective places of worship, and in such form as may seem most appropriate, shall own hearts, offer to Almighty God their acknowledgments and thanks for all His goodness and the humble prayers for the continuance of His divine favor. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 27th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1875, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundredth.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT, President.

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Proclamation by the Governor.

In conformity with the proclamation of the President of the United States, I, John L. Boyeridge, Governor of the State of Illinois, do hereby recommend that Thursday, November 25, 1875, be observed as the day of thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the bounties of His Providence.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the city of Springfield, this 9th day of November, A. D. 1875.

JOHN L. BOYERIDGE, Governor.

By the Governor

GEO. H. HOLLOWAY, Secy. of State

At the close of a particularly vigorous article on the Cuban question, the London Times says, "We cannot believe that the good sense of the American people would permit them to be provoked into a war for Cuba, by any pitch of Spanish haughtiness. The majority of them will reflect, when they look at the disorganized state of Cuba, that they would only increase their present difficulties by the annexation of so unruly an island. We refuse to believe that the warlike preparations in the United States faithfully express the deliberate intention of the President or the people."

On account of the reduction by one cent, in the price of print cloths, since Sept. 1st, the manufacturers at Fall River have appointed a committee to visit England and make arrangements for exporting large amounts of American goods to that country. There is no reason why American cotton should not all be worked up in American mills and then exported. This arrangement would add very largely to our wealth and population. And there is no reason why the West shouldn't manufacture cotton goods as largely as the Eastern States now do. This would tend rapidly to develop the rich resources of this great region, and make it the center of population and influence.

PERSONS who have visited Washington during late years will remember a large and beautiful painting on the wall at the head of one of the Capitol stairways entitled, "Washington's course of empire takes its way." The picture represents a party of emigrants toiling over a precipitous range of mountains and from the summit gazing into the promised land beyond. It is marked by bold conception and wonderful detail to delineate. The artist, Emanuel Leutze, a man of rare genius in his profession, died in Washington a few years ago this being one of his latest and best works. It cost the Government \$20,000. For some time past the picture has been deteriorating, and fests have been entertained that it would eventually be ruined. Happily, however, the cause of the deterioration has been discovered and removed, and the picture has been restored to almost its original freshness and beauty. A Washington correspondent says it was found that the rough surface of the wall on which it was painted had collected a great quantity of dust. This has been carefully removed by brushing, and the result is a real transformation. Visitors to the Capitol next winter will see this masterpiece of Leutze almost as perfect as when it was first completed. The shadows are deepened, and delicate tints, wholly obscured, have been revealed.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—A special Berlin telegram states that the Prussian government is preparing proceedings before the ecclesiastical court against the Archbishops of Cologne and Bishop of Trives. The object is to depose them.

The Morning Post announces that on account of recent floods, the sanitary authorities have declared the district of Bristol, with a population of 6,000, unfit for habitation until midsummer. Thousands of acres in the valley of the Trent will probably remain under water throughout the winter.

BENTON, Nov. 18.—Over one hundred priests and nuns canons of Blenheim have given notification of their submission to the ecclesiastical laws.

THE INDIANA & ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.,
[Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.]

SPAIN'S REPLY TO THE NOTE OF MINISTER CUSHING.

Everything Said to be Satisfactory.

The Saint Louis Whisky Cases.

Session of the National Grange.

Some Things Found Out to be False in Theory.

THE BROOKLYN REVIVAL.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 18.—In the City Council last night, sitting as a court to try the contested election case of Overstolz vs Britton, for the office of Mayor, a communication was received from the City Registrar, Richard Walsh, declining to deliver the ballot boxes to the Council, on the ground that he had been enjoined from doing so, by the Circuit Court last May. A resolution was adopted instructing the City Registrar to apply to the Circuit Court either for a modification or dissolution of the injunction, and no further proceedings in the contest were taken.

Two young men, named Reed and Davis, living in Pike county Mo., and connected with the most respectable families of that county, got into a quarrel last Sunday about a cow, and Reed killed Davis.

Henry Hallenshied and Anna, his wife, were sentenced to be hanged on the 17th of December, by the Circuit Court of Gasconade county, day before yesterday, for the murder of Christian Albard, their son-in-law, in June last, the execution to take place at Hermann, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, November 18.—In the McDonald trial, to-day, B. H. Bagel, recollector, testified that Joyce had reportedly told him that he could manufacture crooked whisky and would be protected; that Joyce urged and encouraged him to make all he could handle; was always notified of intended visits from Washington officials. Avery used to send the desired information. Joyce once told witness that his friend Babcock, wrote him they were in trouble, and must get out; witness paid John Leavenworth two assessments, for what was called "the Campaign fund"; Hutchins' sixth ward fund reached \$3,000, and all was required to contribute to it. From 1872, the ring was composed of McDonald, Joyce, Fitzroy, McKeon, Maguire, Patrick Newcomb and Grovesnor, of the Democrat. The latter got \$1,000 to let up on McGuire, when the latter was seeking the nomination for mayor of the city. Witness read a letter from C. W. Ford, in regard to a certain matter. It was understood that \$20,000 had to be raised for campaign purposes in 1872. Ford closed witness' house in 1871 for two days, and then he was allowed to proceed.

The foreman of the Ulrich distillery testified that Joyce was well posted as to the market price and increased assessments when the market was brisk; paid 35 cents per gallon to the ring, and when it rose to 96 cents, they demanded 45 cents, which distillers refused to pay.

Louis Tincher testified that Joyce told him to make thirty or forty barrels weekly for the ring. Witness made twenty-five to fifty barrels of crooked per week.

Caston, agent of Bingham Bros., testified that Joyce had notified them of the coming of agents to examine the distillery. Joyce claimed to have let agents of letters from the treasury and revenue departments; have seen letters signed by Avery, Holland and Rogers; his object was to show me the thing was understood at headquarters. Witness raised money for Hogan and others, part of which he understood was to go to Washington.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—After requests for prayer for towns, cities, churches, buck-siders, and others, had been read at the Brooklyn Tabernacle to-day, Moody read the 25th chapter of Exodus.

The largest assembly of people yet gathered met in and around the Rink to-night. After singing by the congregation, prayer was offered by Rev. Taylor, who requested the audience to join in the Lord's Prayer. At the close of his petition Moody announced that there would be inquiry meetings held all day to-morrow in the Methodist Church and the Rink. Mr. Moody then preached a sermon on confessing Christ.

AUGUSTA, GA., Nov. 18.—A frightful accident took place last night, on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad, near Pine House, about 25 miles from Augusta. One engine and train following another, telescoped the ladies' and passenger cars of the latter, ditching the whole train. There were many passengers who were crushed, wounded and jammed together. A small child named Charlie Nightingale, was the only one killed.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 18.—A collision occurred this morning, on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis railroad, between a construction and freight train, near Demarest, O. Three employees of the construction train were killed, and two others seriously injured. The accident is supposed to have been caused by the engineer of the freight disregarding signals.

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THE INDIANA & ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NEW YORK, November 18.—The Herald's Washington special, dated yesterday, says: "The reply of the Spanish Government to the note of Minister Cushing was promptly transmitted by cable to the State Department, and deciphered there this morning. It proves to be a dignified response to the demands which our government made in the matter of American interests in the island of Cuba, and will, it is believed, dissipate all fears of trouble between Spain and the United States. The tone of the reply is firm, but very conciliatory. The justice of our demand is not ignored. The confusion of affairs in Cuba obstructs the exercise of an impartial and prompt administration of the requirements of the treaty of 1795. Spain defends her right to maintain courts-martial in Cuba, and cites, in support of her position on this question, the fact that the United States, during, and for a long time subsequent to, the late war of secession, and France, for the two years succeeding the triumph of the Republic over the Commune, and even then under the mild reign of Thiers, made use of similar military or extraordinary tribunals to deal out justice to public and civil enemies. In the case of France, these tribunals sentenced to be shot or to be transported to Cayenne, over 2,000 persons, and yet these tribunals exercised their functions after the close of the war and the advent of complete peace. Therefore, Spain, in the midst of her war in Cuba, maintains the right of using courts-martial to try offenders against her laws, but readily makes the concession that American citizens can have their advocates or attorneys, and produce witnesses in their own behalf, conformably to the provision of article 7 of the treaty of 1795, and according to the regular course of proceedings in such cases, and gives guarantees of such a mode of defense. Of course, in the case of Spanish subjects, no exception will be made which will allow them the enjoyment of this advantage in defending themselves against prosecution by the Spanish authorities for their offenses. In these cases the advocate will be designated by the chief military authority; that is, the Captain General will appoint them. The above is a full synopsis of the answer of the Spanish Government in reply to Mr. Cushing, and has been deemed satisfactory enough to warrant the countermanding of the orders originally given to put our navy in preparation for such contingency as a misunderstanding between two Governments.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 18.—The morning session of the national grandje was chiefly devoted to routine business. The report of the executive committee says the interest manifested by the people in reference to a location for the national grandje, is evidence of the great interest felt by the order in the success of the organization. It has been decided to locate at Louisville, where the natural advantages are such as to be of great service. In regard to the business of different agencies, the report says that some cities are doing a very large business, having in the aggregate a million dollars, while in other respects they are unsatisfactory, and fall short of the benefits which ought to be realized. The commission system of the order is said to be safe in theory and unjust to members, and therefore, in the minds of the committee, another method of selling in doomed necessary for the good of the order. Such a system the committee beg leave to submit plans for a future day, and is satisfied will meet with general approval. And should the report be adopted by business agencies in different states, the commission system will be abolished, and one general agent to do business for each state be appointed and paid a salary out of the treasury of the grandje. It is said to be safe in theory and unjust to members, and therefore, in the minds of the committee, another method of selling in doomed necessary for the good of the order. Such a system the committee beg leave to submit plans for a future day, and is satisfied will meet with general approval. And should the report be adopted by business agencies in different states, the commission system will be abolished, and one general agent to do business for each state be appointed and paid a salary out of the treasury of the grandje.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The Spanish Minister to day was officially advised from Madrid that his government has conceded that in the future, American citizens on trial before a court martial in Cuba shall have the privilege of selecting counsel for defense. The treaty of 1795, in the opinion of the Spanish government, was not sufficiently definite to meet the cases of courts-martial in the event of war or insurrection on the island, but the present arrangement settles the question in accordance with the desire expressed in a friendly note addressed by Secretary Fish to the Spanish Government and disposes of the reports on this subject.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Vice President Wilson slept soundly last night, and awoke much improved. He feels able to go out, but is restrained by his physician.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 18.—Chief Justice White decided today, that the decision of Judge Borenian, committing Brigham Young for contempt, is valid; that he is wrongfully imprisoned and that he should be discharged.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 18.—The majority for the ratification of the new Constitution will not be less than 30,000. Only four counties gave majorities against it, and the remaining sixty-one were overwhelmingly in its favor.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO

be made and delivered in the Circuit Court of Marion County, Illinois, in favor of Elijah Daniels and wife, Dennis Daniels, I have levied upon the following real estate, to wit, the property of Seventy-six (76) feet front on the west side of the road, in Marion County, Illinois, running east and west, containing seven (77) rods front back from West Street.

Taken as property of the said Alfred Daniel, deceased, and his wife, Dennis Daniels, in solid trust, in Marion County, Illinois, running east and west, containing seven (77) rods front back from West Street.

Given to the Sheriff, for his use, to satisfy his claim against the estate of Alfred Daniel, deceased, and his wife, Dennis Daniels, in solid trust, in Marion County, Illinois, running east and west, containing seven (77) rods front back from West Street.

This 20th day of October, A. D. 1875.

Passed and approved October 10th, 1875.

AN ORDINANCE CONCERNING VAGRANTS.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the city of Decatur:

SECTION 1. That a seal in a circular form, with the words, "The City of Decatur Seal," be made, and the inferior countersign seal made, and the signature of the Mayor of the city of Decatur, to be used in all cases that have been or will be made in the name of the City of Decatur, and in all the cases in which it is necessary to use a seal by corporation.

SECTION 2. That the said city seal be, and remain in the custody of the City Register of the city of Decatur, to be used, or to be used in any case that may be made in the name of the City of Decatur, and in all the cases in which it is necessary to use a seal by corporation.

SECTION 3. Special seals may be called by the Mayor, or any two or more Aldermen, whenever in their discretion they may deem it necessary to use them, and the same shall be used in all cases that may be made in the name of the City of Decatur, to be used in any case that may be made in the name of the City of Decatur, unless otherwise directed by the City Council.

SECTION 4. Special seals may be called by the Mayor, or any two or more Aldermen, whenever in their discretion they may deem it necessary to use them, and the same shall be used in all cases that may be made in the name of the City of Decatur, to be used in any case that may be made in the name of the City of Decatur, unless otherwise directed by the City Council.

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